



Virginia Commonwealth University

All full-time students are required by the Code of Virginia (Section 23-7.5) to provide documentation of their immunization by a licensed health professional. If you are unable to provide appropriate documentation, vaccines may be repeated.

All students regardless of enrollment status are required to complete the tuberculosis (TB) screening section of this form.

Name: _____ Last First MI

Student ID: _____ Date of Birth: _____

US Citizen born in the USA? [] yes [] no If no, Country of Birth: _____ Year entered US: _____

Address: _____

E-mail: _____

Please check if you will be enrolled on the MCV (Medical) Campus []

To be completed and signed by a licensed health care provider

Any attached documents in a language other than English must be translated into English by the health care provider.

Table with immunization records including DPT, Tetanus, Polio, Hepatitis A/B, Measles, Human Papillomavirus, Meningococcal vaccine, Tuberculosis Screening, and Varicella.

For treatment of students age 17 years and younger

The law requires that parental permission be obtained in order to provide medical or surgical care to minors. This consent form should be signed by the parents so that such procedures may be carried out promptly without unnecessary delays.

Signature of Parent or Guardian Date

Hepatitis B Vaccine Waiver

I have reviewed information on the risk associated with hepatitis B disease, availability and effectiveness of any vaccine against hepatitis B disease and I choose not to be vaccinated against hepatitis B disease.

Signature of Student or Legal Guardian Date

Meningitis Vaccine Waiver

I have reviewed information on the risk associated with meningococcal disease, availability and effectiveness of any vaccine against meningococcal disease and I choose not to be vaccinated against meningococcal disease.

Signature of Student or Legal Guardian Date

Medical Exemption:

DPT Td IPV Measles Rubella Mumps Meningococcal Hepatitis B Varicella

As specified in Section 22.1-271.2.C.(II) of the Code, I certify that administration of the vaccine(s) designated above would be detrimental to this student's health.

This contraindication is permanent (or) temporary and expected to preclude immunization until

Signature of Physician or Health Department Official Date

Signature of Health Care Provider

Date Phone

Immunizations

Fulfill immunization requirements now to prevent a registration hold

Tuberculosis Risk Assessment

The US Public Health Service and the Centers for Disease Control recommend that tuberculosis skin testing be performed on all individuals who may be at increased risk of tuberculosis disease.

If any of the following statements are applicable to you, please submit the results of a tuberculosis skin test (TST) performed in the US **within the last year**.

- **Health Care worker or a student entering a health care profession.**
- Unexplained weight loss.
- Unexplained night sweats.
- Unexplained persistent cough for more than three weeks.
- Cough with the production of bloody sputum.
- Close contact with a known case of active tuberculosis.
- Use of illegal injected drugs.
- HIV infection.
- Resident or employee of a nursing home, homeless shelter or correctional facility.
- Cancer.
- Diabetes.
- Kidney disease.
- Immunosuppressive therapy.
- Removal of part of your stomach.
- Silicosis.
- You have lived in the United States for **less than 5 years** and were born in a country **EXCEPT**:

American Samoa	Ireland	Saint Kitts & Nevis
Australia	Italy	Saint Lucia
Belgium	Jamaica	San Marino
Canada	Liechtenstein	Sweden
Denmark	Luxembourg	Switzerland
France	Malta	United Kingdom
Finland	Monaco	USA
Germany	Netherlands	US Virgin Islands
Greece	Norway	
Iceland	New Zealand	

Immunization Requirements	
Ⓡ	Tetanus / Diphtheria <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Primary immunization series, including month/day/year of each dose <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Documentation requested • Tetanus/diphtheria booster (Td) (month/day/year) within the past 10 years <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Documentation required • Tdap (preferred) to replace a single dose of Td booster for immunizations given after age 11 and within the last 10 years
	Polio <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Documentation of primary immunization series requested
	Hepatitis A Vaccine <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Documentation of series completion requested • Two doses of Adult/Pediatric Hepatitis A vaccine given 6-12 months apart
Ⓡ	Hepatitis B Vaccine <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Series of 3 vaccines given over a 6 month period or signed waiver <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Combined hep A / hep B vaccination series may fulfill this requirement
	Human Papillomavirus Vaccine <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Documentation requested • See AICP recommendations
Ⓡ	MMR (Measles, Mumps, Rubella combination vaccine) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Two doses both given after the first birthday, after April 1971 and at least one month apart will fulfill the measles, mumps, rubella requirement or serological confirmation of immunity to measles, mumps and rubella <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>two measles vaccines, both given after one year of age after 1967</p> <p style="text-align: center;">AND</p> <p>two mumps vaccines, both given after one year of age after 1967</p> <p style="text-align: center;">AND</p> <p>two rubella vaccines, both given after one year of age after 1969</p>
Ⓡ	Meningococcal Vaccine <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Vaccine or signed waiver required.
Ⓡ	Tuberculosis Screening <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tuberculosis screening is required of all entering students. Not all students will require placement of the TB skin test, however. See Tuberculosis Risk Assessment for clarification.
	Varicella (Chicken Pox) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Strongly recommended for all students without history of the disease or without age appropriate immunization or with a negative antibody titer • Two doses of vaccine given four (4) weeks apart or serological confirmation of immunity is required for all medical campus students
Ⓡ	= Required

Religious Exemption:

Any student who objects on the grounds that administration of immunizing agents conflicts with his or her religious tenets or practices shall be exempt from the immunization requirements unless an emergency or epidemic of disease has been declared by the Board of Health. An affidavit of religious exemption must be submitted on a Certificate of Religious Exemption (Form CRE-1) which may be obtained at any local health department, school division superintendent's office or local department of social services.

TUBERCULOSIS ASSESSMENT

For students with POSITIVE Tuberculin skin tests

Name _____

Date of Birth _____

1300 W. Broad St., suite 2200
P.O. Box 842022
Richmond, VA 23284-2022
(804) 828-8828
Fax: (804) 828-1093,
Immunization Coordinator

Last Chest X-ray: Date _____ Result _____ *Enclose copy of report*

Have you previously completed a course of medicine for TB infection? Yes/No

If yes, what medicine was taken and for how long? _____

Are you currently taking medication for TB infection? Yes/No

If yes, when did you start the medicine? _____

Do you currently have any of the following symptoms? (please circle yes or no)

- | | | |
|--|-----|----|
| 1. Cough lasting greater than two weeks? | Yes | No |
| 2. Unexplained weight loss? | Yes | No |
| 3. Loss of appetite? | Yes | No |
| 4. Unexplained fatigue? | Yes | No |
| 5. Night Sweats? | Yes | No |
| 6. Blood tinged sputum production? | Yes | No |

If "Yes" to any question, please explain further, including date of onset and any treatment.

I am aware that the six symptoms listed above are possible signs/symptoms of active tuberculosis disease that I should promptly report to my healthcare provider.

Student Signature

Date

1300 W. Broad St., suite 2200
P.O. Box 842022
Richmond, VA 23284-2022
(804) 828-8828
Fax: (804) 828-1093,
Immunization Coordinator

Waiver Information for Meningitis & Hepatitis B

Please read the following information on Meningitis and Hepatitis B before signing the waiver on the Certificate of Immunization.

Hepatitis B

Hepatitis B is a potentially fatal disease that attacks the liver. The virus can cause short-term (acute) illness that leads to loss of appetite, tiredness, diarrhea and vomiting, jaundice (yellow skin or eyes) and pain in muscles, joints and stomach. Many people have no symptoms with the illness. It can also cause long-term (chronic) illness that leads to liver damage, liver cancer and death.

According to the Centers for Disease Control, about 1.25 million people in the U.S. have chronic Hepatitis B infection. Each year approximately 80,000 people, mostly young adults, become infected with Hepatitis B virus. Young adults are more likely to contract Hepatitis B infection due to greater likelihood of high-risk behaviors such as multiple sexual partners.

Approximately 4000 people die from chronic Hepatitis B infection annually. It is spread through contact with blood and body fluids of an infected person, such as having unprotected sex with an infected person or sharing needles when injecting illegal drugs. Unvaccinated **health science students** are at risk of contracting Hepatitis B through an accidental occupational needle stick exposure.

There are several ways to prevent Hepatitis B infections including avoiding risky behavior, screening pregnant women and vaccination. Vaccine is the best prevention. The vaccine series typically consists of three injections given over a 6-month period, which are available through your private health care provider, health department or University Student Health Services.

Remember: Completion of the vaccine series is needed for protection against Hepatitis B disease.

Meningococcal Meningitis

Meningococcal disease is the leading cause of bacterial meningitis in children 2-18 years old in the U.S. Meningitis is an infection of the brain and spinal cord coverings. Meningococcal disease can also cause blood infections. According to the Centers for Disease Control, about 2,600 people get meningococcal disease each year in the U.S. Of these cases, 10-15% die and of those who live, another 10% may require limb amputation, develop kidney failure or brain damage, become deaf, suffer seizures or strokes.

College freshmen, particularly those who live in dormitories, have a slightly increased risk of getting meningococcal disease as illustrated by a case rate of 5.4/100,000 18-23 year olds as opposed to a case rate of 1.4/100,000 18-23 year olds in the general population.

Meningococcal vaccine is effective in preventing 4 types of meningococcal disease including 2 of the 3 most commonly occurring types in the U.S. The vaccine is 85-100% effective in preventing serotype A and C in older children and adults. It does not however protect against serotype B which causes one third of cases in patients 15-24 years. Therefore, in the event of an outbreak, even previously immunized individuals should contact their health care providers.

The vaccine is available through your private health care provider, most local health departments and University Student Health Services.